Publications Working Group

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Section on Neonatal-Perinatal Medicine

ARTICLES OF INTEREST – June 2024

Influence of eat, sleep, and console on infants pharmacologically treated for opioid withdrawal: a post hoc subgroup analysis of the ESC-NOW randomized clinical trial.

Lori A Devlin, Zhuopei Hu, Stephanie L Merhar, et al. JAMA Pediatr.

This post hoc subgroup analysis involved infants pharmacologically treated in ESC-NOW, a stepped-wedge cluster randomized clinical trial conducted at 26 US hospitals, and evaluated differences in opioid exposure and total length of hospital stay (LOS) for pharmacologically treated infants managed with the ESC care approach vs usual care with the Finnegan tool. In the ESC-NOW trial, 463 of 1305 infants were pharmacologically treated (143/603 [23.7%] in the ESC care approach group and 320/702 [45.6%] in the usual care group). Mean total opioid exposure was lower in the ESC care approach group with an absolute difference of 4.1 morphine milligram equivalents per kilogram (MME/kg) (95% CI, 1.3-7.0) when compared with usual care (4.8 MME/kg vs 8.9 MME/kg, respectively; P = .001) and mean length of stay was 6.2 days shorter (95% CI, 3.0-9.4) with the ESC care approach than with usual care (16.7 vs 22.9 days, respectively; P < .001).

<u>Bleeding complications in neonates receiving extracorporeal membrane oxygenation and</u> <u>controlled hypothermia</u>

Swosti Joshi, Vilmaris Quinones Cardona, Erica Poletto, et al. Am J Perinatol.

This single center retrospective study included 36 neonates \geq 35 weeks' gestation with refractory PPHN who required ECMO. Study groups were divided into those receiving controlled hypothermia (CH)/ECMO versus ECMO only. Of these, 44.4% (n = 16) received CH/ECMO and 55.6% (n = 20) received ECMO only. Bleeding complications were more common in CH/ECMO group 50% (n = 8) versus ECMO only 15% (n = 3, p = 0.023). Functional status and survival to discharge were comparable between groups. The authors concluded that neonates who received CH/ECMO had higher bleeding complications than the ECMO only group and functional status and survival to discharge were no different between the two groups. Right ventricular function indices and platelet parameters for early prediction value of bronchopulmonary dysplasia: a retrospective study

Tianzi Li, Bei Xia, Suixin Liang, et al. BMC Pediatr.

In this retrospective study the authors sought to examine the value of early echocardiographic indices for the right ventricular function combined with platelet (PLT) parameters for predicting bronchopulmonary dysplasia (BPD) in preterm infants. Echocardiographic indices of right ventricular function including tricuspid annular plane systolic excursion (TAPSE) and right ventricular index of myocardial performance (RIMP) were measured on DOL 1, DOL 7, and DOL 14. The PLT parameters including the PLT count, mean platelet volume (MPV), platelet hematocrit (PCT) level, and platelet distribution width (PDW) were measured on DOL 1, DOL 7, and DOL 14. A total of 220 preterm infants were included in this study, and of these, 85 infants developed BPD. The authors conclude that TAPSE and RIMP combined with PLT count and MPV can help identify preterm infants at an increased risk of developing BPD.

I-FABP protein/mRNA and IL-6 as biomarkers of intestinal barrier dysfunction in neonates with necrotizing enterocolitis and SPF BALB/c mouse models

Jun Chen, Zheng Yan, Zhibing Lin, et al. J Int Med Res.

Th authors investigated intestinal fatty acid binding protein (I-FABP), I-FABP mRNA, and interleukin-6 (IL-6) as potential diagnostic biomarkers in NEC. Forty mice were subjected to hypoxic-ischemic intestinal injury, and then serum I-FABP protein and mRNA levels were quantified. Samples from 30 human neonates with NEC and 30 healthy neonates had serum I-FABP protein/mRNA and IL-6 levels measured. RESULTS: The mouse ileal tissue pathological score and I-FABP levels, as well as serum I-FABP and I-FABP mRNA levels, were significantly higher in the model group than in the control group. Serum I-FABP, I-FABP mRNA, and IL-6 levels were significantly higher in human neonates with NEC than in the healthy group. I-FABP protein/mRNA and IL-6 levels are useful biomarkers of intestinal ischemic injury in neonates with NEC.

Evaluation of beneficial effects of dexpanthenol on hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy

Cuneyt Tayman, Ufuk Çakır, Abdullah Kurt, et al. Biotech Histochem.

The authors examined some effects of dexpanthenol on the brains of week-old rat pups with HIE induced by obstruction of the right carotid artery followed by keeping in 8% O(2) for 2 hours. Protein, DNA, and lipid oxidation degradation products were assayed and hippocampal and cortical cell apoptosis and neuronal cell numbers were evaluated in stained sections. Dexpanthenol application reduced oxidative stress and inflammation. TNF-alpha and IL-6 cytokine levels in HIE also decreased with dexpanthenol treatment. The numbers of caspase-3 positive cells in the dentate gyrus and CA1/CA2/CA3 regions of the hippocampus was lower, and apoptosis was decreased in the dexpanthenol-treated animals. These findings suggest possible clinical applications of dexpanthenol in human HIE.

Neonatal and obstetrical outcomes of pregnancies complicated by alloimmunization

Timothy M Bahr, Sarah M Tweddell, Jennifer M Zalla, et al. Pediatrics.

This retrospective cohort study examined 707 neonates were born after a positive maternal antibody screen result (3.0/1000 live births) over a 6-year period. The objective of this study was to calculate the frequency of alloimmunization and summarize the outcomes based on antibody specificity, titer, and other clinical factors. Of the 676 neonates exposed to alloantibodies, the direct antibody test (DAT) result was positive, showing antigen-positivity and evidence of hemolytic disease of the fetus and newborn in 37% of those tested. Neonatal disease was most severe with DAT-positive anti-Rh antibodies (c, C, D, e, E). All neonatal red blood cell transfusions (15) and exchange transfusions (6) were due to anti-Rh alloimmunization. No neonates born to mothers with anti-M, anti-S, anti-Duffy, anti-Kidd A, or anti-Lewis required NICU admission for hyperbilirubinemia or transfusion. The study concludes that alloimmunization to Rh-group antibodies continues to cause a majority of the severe HDFN cases in our hospital system. In neonates born to alloimmunized mothers, a positive DAT result revealing antigen-positivity is the best predictor of anemia and hyperbilirubinemia.

Academic performance in moderately and late preterm children in the United States: are they catching up?

Nicole E Lock, Mark D DeBoer, Rebecca J Scharf, et al. J Perinatol.

This study evaluated elementary school outcomes and performance of children born between 32 and 36 6/7 weeks gestation compared to children born after 37 weeks. The data was obtained from the Early Childhood Longitudinal Study, Kindergarten Class of 2010-2011. Parents were asked about the gestational age of the children and cohorts were established accordingly. Outcomes were assessed using direct child assessments, teacher surveys, and parental surveys. The study results showed that children born between 32 and 34 6/7 weeks gestation have poor school performance and at risk for learning disabilities compared to term children.

Dextrose gel prophylaxis for neonatal hypoglycaemia and neurocognitive function at early school age: a randomised dosage trial

Xingyu Wei, Nike Franke, Jane M Alsweiler, et al. Arch Dis Child Fetal Neonatal Ed.

This is an early school age follow up study to the initial study that assessed prophylactic oral dextrose gel for neonates at risk of hypoglycaemia. Population studied were children born at \geq 35 weeks with \geq 1 risk factor for neonatal hypoglycaemia (maternal diabetes, lga, sga, or late preterm). This follow up study saw no significant differences in the rate of neurocognitive impairment between those randomised to placebo and dextrose gel (200mg/kg to 1000 mg/kg groups). However, when children who were exposed to dextrose group was combined, compared to control/placebo, there was a lower risk of motor impairment and higher mean cognitive scores. Due to this potential benefit, further studies are needed.

OTHER NOTEWORTHY PUBLICATIONS – May 2024

Pediatrics

Enhancing NICU care and communication: perspectives of moderately preterm infant parents

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38716568

Neonatal and obstetrical outcomes of pregnancies complicated by alloimmunization

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38784990

Journal of Pediatrics

Racial and ethnic inequities in therapeutic hypothermia and neonatal hypoxic–ischemic encephalopathy: a retrospective cohort study

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38369239

Exposure to paracetamol in early pregnancy and the risk of developing cerebral palsy: a casecontrol study using serum samples

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38369234

Process and outcome measures for infants born moderate and late preterm in tertiary Canadian neonatal intensive care units

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38401787

Screening for delayed thyroid stimulation hormone rise and atypical congenital hypothyroidism in infants born very preterm and infants with very low birth weight

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38401790

The impact of prenatal alcohol exposure on longitudinal growth, nutritional status, and insulin-like growth factor 1 in early childhood in Leyte, the Philippines

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38401788

Management of hematochezia in infants with congenital heart disease admitted to the acute care cardiology unit: a multicenter retrospective pilot study

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38417782

Young infant mortality associated with preterm and small-for-gestational-age births in rural Bangladesh: a prospective cohort study

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38432296

Effect of minimization of early blood sampling losses among extremely premature neonates: a randomized clinical trial

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38447757

Relationships of severity of bronchopulmonary dysplasia with adverse neurodevelopmental outcomes and poor respiratory function at 7-8 years of age

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38453001

The association between breastfeeding and growth among infants with moderately low birth weight: a prospective cohort study

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38447758

Pediatric Research

No new content

Archives of Disease in Childhood - Fetal & Neonatal Edition

Prevalence of bradycardia in 4876 newborns in the first minute after birth and association with positive pressure ventilation: a population-based cross-sectional study https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37940377/

Early and exclusive enteral nutrition in infants born very preterm https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38135494/

Fetal single ventricle journey to first postnatal procedure: a multicentre UK cohort study <u>https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38123956/</u>

Randomised crossover study on pulse oximeter readings from different sensors in very preterm infants https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38129130/

Non-invasive high-frequency oscillatory ventilation (NHFOV) versus nasal continuous positive airway pressure (NCPAP) for preterm infants: a systematic review and meta-analysis https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38228382/

Assessing the influence of abdominal compression on time to return of circulation during resuscitation of asphyxiated newborn lambs: a randomised preclinical study https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38123977/

Prevalence and early surgical outcome of congenital diaphragmatic hernia in the Netherlands: a population-based cohort study from the European Pediatric Surgical Audit https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38195217/

*Dextrose gel prophylaxis for neonatal hypoglycaemia and neurocognitive function at early school age: a randomised dosage trial <u>https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38307710/</u>

Sustained inflation and chest compression versus 3:1 chest compression to ventilation ratio during cardiopulmonary resuscitation of asphyxiated newborns (SURV1VE): A cluster randomised controlled trial <u>https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38212104/</u>

Parent-reported health outcomes at preschool age in preterm survivors: a population-based cohort study https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38135493/

Doxapram for apnoea of prematurity and neurodevelopmental outcomes at age 5–6 years <u>https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38228381/</u>

Continuous non-invasive measurement of cardiac output in neonatal intensive care using regional impedance cardiography: a prospective observational study https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38123965/

Journal of Perinatology

Fundamentals of designing high-quality surveys: revisiting neonatal perinatal medicine survey applications

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37863984/

Caffeine for apnea and prevention of neurodevelopmental impairment in preterm infants: systematic review and meta-analysis

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38553606/

Association of maternal pre-pregnancy or first trimester body mass index with neurodevelopmental impairment or death in extremely low gestational age neonates <u>https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38396053/</u>

Contemporary definitions of infant growth failure and neurodevelopmental and behavioral outcomes in extremely premature infants at two years of age

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38195921/

Academic performance in moderately and late preterm children in the United States: are they catching up?

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38499752/

Grade 7 school performance of children born preterm: a retrospective Canadian Cohort study https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38438788/

Health-related quality of life at age 10 years in children born extremely preterm https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38760579/

Estimation of the causal effect of sex on neonatal intensive care unit outcomes among very low birth weight infants

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38710836/

Associations between sociodemographic characteristics and neonatal length of the stay https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38773215/

aEEG in the first 3 days after extremely preterm delivery relates to neurodevelopmental outcomes https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38553599/

The contribution of low Apgar scores in identifying neonates with short-term morbidities in a large single center cohort

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38548866/

Banked term umbilical cord blood to meet the packed red blood cell transfusion needs of extremely-low-gestational-age neonates: a feasibility analysis

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38030793/

Association of low hemoglobin at birth and neurodevelopmental outcomes in preterm neonates ≤28 weeks' gestation: a retrospective cohort study

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38553601/

Erythropoietin and retinopathy of prematurity: a retrospective cohort study in Japan, 2008–2018 https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38514743/

Efficacy of recombinant erythropoietin for the late treatment of anemia of prematurity in a level IV neonatal intensive care unit: a retrospective single-center cohort study https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38773216/

End-tidal carbon monoxide concentrations measured within 48 hours of birth predict hemolytic hyperbilirubinemia

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38627593/

Neonatology

Pancreatic insufficiency, digestive enzyme supplementation, and postnatal growth in preterm babies https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38246160/

Positive pressure ventilation in preterm infants in the delivery room: a review of current practices, challenges, and emerging technologies

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38467119/

International online survey on the management of patent ductus arteriosus https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38211569/

Gestational age-related urinary peptidome changes in preterm and term born infants <u>https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38382482/</u>

Technical skills curriculum in neonatology: a modified European delphi study https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38408441/

Association between intermittent hypoxemia and NICU length of stay in preterm infants https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38437802/

The incidence of necrotizing enterocolitis and late-onset sepsis during the COVID-19 pandemic in Sweden: a population-based cohort study

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38442693/

Early brain activity in very preterm infants of mothers with gestational diabetes mellitus: a pilot study <u>https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38346405/</u>

Close collaboration with parents affects the length of stay and growth in preterm infants: a registerbased study in Finland

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38354726/

High flow nasal cannula for weaning nasal continuous positive airway pressure in preterm infants: a systematic review and meta-analysis

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38412846/

Association between antenatal antibiotic exposure and bronchopulmonary dysplasia: a systematic review and bayesian model-averaged meta-analysis

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38310865/

International cohort of neonatal timothy syndrome

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38211567/

Association of neonatal antibiotic exposure with long-term growth trajectory faltering in pretermbirth children

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38286129/

American Journal of Perinatology

Oxygen saturation profiles in healthy term infants in early postnatal life

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35815572

The validity of positive coagulase-negative staphylococcus cultures for the diagnosis of sepsis in the neonatal unit

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35381607

Delivery mode and neurological complications in very low birth weight infants

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35378547

Assessment of serum interleukin-27 and mean platelet volume in late-onset neonatal sepsis

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35580626

Outcomes of moderate preterm infants of insulin-dependent diabetic mothers

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35299277

Antiapoptotic effects of hydroxychloroquine on hypoxic–ischemic injury in neonatal rat brain: may hydroxychloroquine be an adjuvant therapy?

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35292947

Maternal blood angiogenic factors and the prediction of critical adverse perinatal outcomes among small-for-gestational-age pregnancies

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35292946

Clinical outcomes of neonatal intensive care unit graduates with bridled nasogastric feeding tubes

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35580625

Outcomes of nonvigorous neonates born through meconium-stained amniotic fluid after a practice change to no routine endotracheal suctioning from a developing country

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35288884

Maternal stress experience in the neonatal intensive care unit after preterm delivery

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/36029767

A multicountry analysis of prevalence and mortality among neonates and children with bladder exstrophy

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35644130

The mechanism of hyperoxia-induced neonatal renal injury and the possible protective effect of resveratrol

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35381611

Neonatal outcomes among fetuses with an abdominal circumference <3rd %ile and estimated fetal weight 3rd to 9th %ile compared to fetuses with an EFW <3rd %ile

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38301725

Systematic review of kangaroo care duration's impact in neonatal intensive care units on infantmaternal health

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/36577443

Factors associated with receiving no maternal or neonatal interventions among periviable deliveries

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35623626

Risk factors of neonatal acute respiratory distress syndrome based on the Montreux definition in neonates with sepsis: a retrospective case–control study

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35253119

Cord blood cell-free DNA concentration: a novel marker for neonatal wellbeing

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35240699

Maternal body mass index and risk of bronchopulmonary dysplasia in extremely preterm infants

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35240704

Resveratrol attenuates hyperoxia lung injury in neonatal rats by activating SIRT1/PGC-1a signaling pathway

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35240708

Bleeding complications in neonates receiving extracorporeal membrane oxygenation and controlled hypothermia

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35240700

Vertical transmission of SARS-CoV-2 during pregnancy: a prospective Italian cohort study

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35263767

Acquisition of behavioral skills after manikin-based simulation of neonatal resuscitation by fellows in neonatology

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35272385

Hair cortisol concentrations in opioid-exposed versus nonexposed mother-infant dyads

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38160676

Journal of Neonatal-Perinatal Medicine

No new content

Maternal Health, Neonatology and Perinatology

Racial and ethnic differences in the risk of recurrent preterm or small for gestational age births in the United States: a systematic review and stratified analysis

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38825670

Neoreviews

Developmental outcomes after opioid exposure in the fetus and neonate https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38821910

Neonatal seizures

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38821905

Cerebral palsy: a current perspective

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38821909

A preterm infant with petechial rash

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38821906

Respiratory distress in a late preterm: is it sepsis or inborn error of metabolism?

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38821903

A unique presentation of nodular masses in infancy

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38821908

Syphilis in pregnancy: fetal and neonatal complications

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38821907

Newborn with atypical progressive hydrocephalus

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38821911

Nonimmune hydrops and left-sided cardiac defect: prenatal presentation of Kabuki Syndrome

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38821912

JAMA Pediatrics

Influence of eat, sleep, and console on infants pharmacologically treated for opioid withdrawal: a post hoc subgroup analysis of the ESC-NOW randomized clinical trial

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38619854

Clinical effectiveness of newborn screening for spinal muscular atrophy: a nonrandomized controlled trial

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38587854

Relaxation therapy and human milk feeding outcomes: a systematic review and meta-analysis

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38709505

Association of fetal catecholamines with neonatal hypoglycemia

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38557708

Unintended perinatal health consequences associated with a Swedish family policy

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38587820

BMC Pediatrics

Role of fibroblast growth factor-23 as an early marker of metabolic bone disease of prematurity <u>https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38951759/</u>

Feeding modalities, HIV transmission and its predictors among HIV-exposed infants visited Gamo and Gofa zones public health facilities, Southern Ethiopia: a retrospective follow up study https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38926639/

A term infant with severe hypereosinophilia secondary to CMV infection and the STAT1 gene mutation: a case report <u>https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38918745/</u>

Exploring factors influencing delayed first antibiotic treatment for suspected early-onset sepsis in preterm newborns: a study before quality improvement initiative https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38918783/

Educational outcomes among children with congenital heart disease compared to peers: a Scotland-wide record-linkage study of 715,850 schoolchildren

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38909207/

Predictors for poor daily weight gain in preterm neonates exposed to different dose regimens of caffeine in ICU- a retrospective cohort study

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38898410/

The performance of the practices associated with the occurrence of severe intraventricular hemorrhage in the very premature infants: data analysis from the Chinese neonatal network https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38877528/

Successful treatment of retinopathy of prematurity in oculocutaneous albinism with OCA2 variants: a case report and review of literature

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38858617/

Necrotizing enterocolitis in a term newborn after spontaneous cerebral parenchymal hemorrhage: a case report

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38851677/

Dolphin CONTINUE: a multi-center randomized controlled trial to assess the effect of a nutritional intervention on brain development and long-term outcome in infants born before 30 weeks of gestation https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38849784/

Pediatric Critical Care Medicine

Nicardipine or nitroprusside for postoperative blood pressure control in infants after surgery for congenital heart disease: single-center retrospective noninferiority and cost analysis, 2016–2020 https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38299930/

Nicardipine versus nitroprusside—the budget-friendly battle for baby blood pressure control https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38836713/

Association between neighborhood socioeconomic factors and length of stay after surgery for congenital heart disease

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38299943/

Continuous renal replacement therapy: current state and future directions for worldwide practice https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38511997/

Should physicians caring for children with critical heart disease undergo specialized training and certification?

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38836715/

Outcomes of prophylactic peritoneal dialysis catheter insertion in children undergoing cardiac surgery: a systematic review and meta-analysis

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38334438/

New England Journal of Medicine

Efforts toward equity: expect with me - group prenatal care to reduce disparities

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38856191/

Lancet

The road ahead for immediate kangaroo mother care in resource-constrained health systems

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38754456/

Effectiveness of kangaroo mother care before clinical stabilisation versus standard care among neonates at five hospitals in Uganda (OMWaNA): a parallel-group, individually randomised controlled trial and economic evaluation

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38754454/

JAMA

Assessing the real-world effectiveness of immunizations for respiratory syncytial virus

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38602685/

BMJ

No relevant articles

Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal

Differential abundances of bdellovibrio and rheinheimera in the oral microbiota of neonates with and without clinical sepsis

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38295225/

Comparison of bordetella pertussis antibody levels in pregnant women and umbilical cord blood: a multicenter study

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38451894/

Specific IgA, but not IgG, in human milk from COVID-19-infected mothers neutralizes Sars-CoV-2

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38421196/

Late neonatal sepsis in very-low-birth-weight premature newborns is associated with alterations in neurodevelopment at twenty-five months of age

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38359341/

Behavioral problems and family impact in congenital cytomegalovirus infection

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38753994/

Use of the "sepsis risk calculator" in Belgian newborns: a retrospective cohort study

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38380927/

Pulmonary complications of cytomegalovirus infection in neonates and infants: a systematic review of case reports and pooled analysis

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38380928/

Pediatric Cardiology

No new content

Pediatric Neurology

Retrospective multicenter cohort study on safety and electroencephalographic response to lacosamide for neonatal seizures

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38579433

Risk factors for term-born spastic diplegic cerebral palsy: a case-control study

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38581726

Congenital cytomegalovirus infection with isolated "minor" lesions at fetal magnetic resonance imaging: long-term neurological outcome

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38631078

Obstetrics and Gynecology

No relevant articles

American Journal of Obstetrics & Gynecology

Preventing posttraumatic stress disorder following childbirth: a systematic review and metaanalysis <u>https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38122842/</u>

Intra-amniotic infection and/or inflammation is associated with fetal cardiac concentric hypertrophy and diastolic dysfunction in preterm labor and preterm prelabor rupture of membranes https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38290925/

Incidence of group B streptococcus early-onset sepsis in term neonates with second-line prophylaxis maternal intrapartum antibiotics: a multicenter retrospective study https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37890649/

Maternal body mass index, birthweight, and placental glucose metabolism: evidence for a role of placental hexokinase

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37925123/

Absence of adverse maternal and neonatal outcomes in patients with 1 or 2 abnormal values during early glucose tolerance testing

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38242338/

Transplacental transmission of the COVID-19 vaccine messenger RNA: evidence from placental, maternal, and cord blood analyses postvaccination

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38307473/

Hospital Pediatrics

Quality improvement project reducing sputum cultures for pediatric patients with a tracheostomy https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38916049/

How pediatric hospitalists can support breastfeeding dyads using a helpful mnemonic: "breast" <u>https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38845546/</u>

BASIC SCIENCE SELECTIONS

Leveraging integrated RNA sequencing to decipher adrenomedullin's protective mechanisms in experimental bronchopulmonary dysplasia

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38927741

Decreased liver kinase B1 expression and impaired angiogenesis in a murine model of bronchopulmonary dysplasia

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38869353

I-FABP protein/mRNA and IL-6 as biomarkers of intestinal barrier dysfunction in neonates with necrotizing enterocolitis and SPF BALB/c mouse models https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38867509

Butyrate improves recovery from experimental necrotizing enterocolitis by metabolite hesperetin through potential inhibition the PI3K-Akt pathway

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38850657

Evaluation of beneficial effects of dexpanthenol on hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38869860 Diabetes drugs activate neuroprotective pathways in models of neonatal hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38783166

Other relevant articles

Association between bronchopulmonary dysplasia severity and its risk factors and long-term outcomes in three definitions: a historical cohort study

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38897634

Navigating diagnostic and treatment challenges of pulmonary hypertension in infants with bronchopulmonary dysplasia

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38929946

Platelet parameters for early prediction value of bronchopulmonary dysplasia: a retrospective study https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38862972

Repeated intravenous doses of human umbilical cord-derived mesenchymal stromal cells for bronchopulmonary dysplasia: results of a phase 1 clinical trial with 2-year follow-up https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/38556960

Measurement of lung oxygenation by near-infrared spectroscopy in preterm infants with bronchopulmonary dysplasia

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